

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Directions: MAKE SURE TO COPY YOUR ANSWERS TO A SEPARATE SHEET FOR SENDING ME AN ELECTRONIC COPY LATER.

1. In the committee example, Section 11.1.3, consider the covariance matrix  $C$  of the random vector  $(G_1, G_2, G_3, G_4)'$ .

(a) (20) Find the value of  $C_{12}$ , the element in row 1, column 2 of  $C$ . (Row and column numbers begin at 1.)

(b) (25) Suppose in our R code, we have already computed  $C$ , and we have stored the first two rows and columns in an R matrix we have named **CG**. Let  $H_1 = G_1 + G_2$  and  $H_2 = G_1 - 2G_2$ . Give R code to find the covariance matrix of  $H = (H_1, H_2)'$ .

2. (25) Consider the setting in Section 9.3.2, with three electronic parts. Let  $M$  denote the number of parts that last more than time 2.5. Find  $Var(M)$ .

3. (15) Suppose photographs in a certain setting are corrupted by small, straight streaks, the lengths of which have density  $4t^3$  on  $(0,1)$ , 0 elsewhere. However, those checking the photographs are more likely to spot the longer ones, in proportion to the actual length; streaks twice as long, for instance, are twice as likely to be spotted. Give the density of the streaks that are noticed, expressed as an R function of **t**, i.e. **function(t)**  
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4. (15) Consider the Catchup Game, Section 11.2.1. Give a single, loop-free line of R code to print the approximate value of the probability that after **nturns** turns, the winning and losing sides are apart by less than 1.0.

**Solutions:**

**1.a** This is  $Cov(G_1, G_2)$ . From the computations already done in that section, we see that this is  $5/12 - 4/9$ .

**1.b**

```
a <- rbind(c(1,1),c(1,-2)); a %*% CG %*% t(a)
```

**2.** Binomial.

```
p <- 1 - pexp(2.5,1/2.5); 3*p*(1-p)
```

**3.** Use (9.42).

```
4 * t*t^3 / integrate(t*4*t^3,0,1)
```

**4.**

```
print(mean(abs(xyvals[,1] - xyvals[,2]) < 1.0))
```