

Name: _____

Directions: MAKE SURE TO COPY YOUR ANSWERS TO A SEPARATE SHEET FOR SENDING ME AN ELECTRONIC COPY LATER.

1. (25) Consider line 27, p.70. Which of the statements below is/are true?

- (i) That line is normally part of a loop.
- (ii) If the length of the test string in line 18, p.71 is less than 1000000, a loop is not necessary.
- (iii) Neither (i) nor (ii) is necessarily true.

2. (75) Consider the `textfile` class (original version), p.24. We add an instance method to that class, `getnlines1tf()`. (This is what is known as a *getter* in the OOP world. I generally think getters and setters are silly, but it will be helpful here.)

In the following, the argument `tfl` (“`textfile` list”) is a list of `textfile` objects, and `k` is a positive integer. Fill in the blanks:

```
class textfile:
    # ... as before
    def getnlines1tf(self):
        return self.nlines

# return list, element i of which is
# the number of lines in tfl[i]
def getnlines(tfl):
    return map( blank (a) )

# return the total number of lines in all
# the files in tfl
def totlines(tfl):
    tmp = getnlines(tfl)
    return blank (b)

# return sublist of tfl, element i of which is
# the i-th element of tfl that satisfies the
# condition (number of lines > k)
def bigfiles(tfl,k):
    return blank (c)

# sort tfl in-place, according to the number
# of lines in each file
def tflsort(tfl):
    blank (d)

def test():
    a = textfile('x')
    b = textfile('y')
    c = textfile('z')
    tflist = [a,b,c]
    print getnlines(tflist)
    print totlines(tflist)
    print tflist
    print bigfiles(tflist,3)
    tflsort(tflist)
    print tflist
```

Here in the input to the test case:

```
% cat x
a
bc
```

```
def
% cat y
1234
456
78
9
% cat z
a1b2
c3
```

Here is the output:

```
% python tfclass.py
[3, 4, 2]
9
[<__main__.textfile instance at 0x1054b0290>,
 <__main__.textfile instance at 0x1054b02d8>,
 <__main__.textfile instance at 0x1054b0320>]
[<__main__.textfile instance at 0x1054b02d8>]
[<__main__.textfile instance at 0x1054b0320>,
 <__main__.textfile instance at 0x1054b0290>,
 <__main__.textfile instance at 0x1054b02d8>]
```

Solutions:

1. (i)

2.

```
class textfile:
    ntfles = 0 # count of number of textfile objects
    def __init__(self, fname):
        textfile.ntfles += 1
        self.name = fname # name
        self.fh = open(fname) # handle for the file
        self.lines = self.fh.readlines()
        self.nlines = len(self.lines) # number of lines
        self.nwords = 0 # number of words
        self.wordcount()
    def wordcount(self):
        """finds the number of words in the file"""
        for l in self.lines:
            w = l.split()
            self.nwords += len(w)
    def grep(self, target):
        """prints out all lines containing target"""
        for l in self.lines:
            if l.find(target) >= 0:
                print l
    def getnlines1tf(self):
        return self.nlines

def getnlines(tfl):
    return map(lambda onetf: onetf.getnlines1tf(), tfl)

def totlines(tfl):
    tmp = getnlines(tfl)
    return reduce(lambda x,y: x+y,tmp)

def bigfiles(tfl,k):
    return filter(lambda x: x.nlines > k, tfl)

def tflsort(tfl):
    tfl.sort(lambda x,y: x.nlines - y.nlines)

def test():
    a = textfile('x')
    b = textfile('y')
    c = textfile('z')
    tflist = [a,b,c]
    print getnlines(tflist)
    print totlines(tflist)
    print tflist
    print bigfiles(tflist,3)
    tflsort(tflist)
    print tflist
```